# Crosslee Community Primary School



E-safety Policy

June 2019

# E-Safety Policy

It is the duty of the School to ensure that every child and young person in its care is safe. Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of pupils is embedded into the culture of the school and its everyday practice and procedures. All staff have a responsibility to support e-Safe practices in school and all pupils need to understand their responsibilities in the event of deliberate attempts to breach e-safety protocols.

This policy applies to all members of the school community including: staff, pupils, volunteers, parents/carers, visitors and community users who have access to and are users of school IT systems, both in and out of the school.

The Education and Inspections Act 2006 empowers Head teachers to such extent as is reasonable, to regulate the behaviour of pupils when they are off the school site and empowers members of staff to impose disciplinary penalties for inappropriate behaviour. This is pertinent to incidents of cyber-bullying or other e-safety incidents covered by this policy, which may take place outside of the school, but is linked to membership of the school. The 2011 Education Act increased these powers with regard to the searching for and of electronic devices and the deletion of data. In the case of both acts, action can only be taken over issues covered by the published Behaviour and Anti-Bullying Policy.

E-safety is a partnership concern and is not limited to school premises and equipment or the school day. Bullying, harassment or abuse of any kind via digital technologies or mobile phones will not be tolerated and complaints of cyber bullying will be dealt with in accordance with the School's Behaviour and Anti-Bullying Policy. Complaints related to child protection will be dealt with in accordance with the school's Safeguarding Policy.

The school will deal with such incidents within this policy and associated behaviour and antibullying policies and will, where known, inform parents/carers of incidents of inappropriate e-safety behaviour that take place in and out of school.

# Roles and Responsibilities

The following section outlines the e-safety roles and responsibilities of individuals and groups within the school:

#### Governors:

Governors are responsible for the approval of the E-Safety Policy and for reviewing the effectiveness of the policy. This will be carried out by receiving regular information about e-safety incidents and monitoring reports. A member of the Governing Body has taken on the role of E-Safety Governor.

## Head teacher (A Wadsworth):

- The Head teacher has a duty of care for ensuring the safety (including e-safety) of members of the school community.
- The Head teacher and safeguarding leads aware of the procedures to be followed in the event of a serious e-safety allegation being made against a member of staff.
- The Head teacher is responsible for ensuring that the e-safety co-ordinator (Mrs Crew) receives suitable training to enable them to carry out their e-safety roles and to train other colleagues, as relevant.
- The Head teacher will ensure that there is a system in place to allow for monitoring and support of those in school who carry out the internal e-safety monitoring role. This is to provide a safety net and also support to those colleagues who take on important monitoring roles.

# E-safety Coordinator (Mrs Crew):

- takes day-to-day responsibility for e-safety issues and has a leading role in establishing
- and reviewing the school e-safety policy.
- ensures that all staff are aware of the procedures that need to be followed in the event of
- an e-safety incident taking place.
- provides training and advice for staff.
- liaises with the relevant bodies e.g. CEOP, Manchester Local Authority.
- liaises with school network technician.
- receives reports of e-safety incidents and creates a log of incidents to inform future e-safety developments.
- meets regularly with Governors to discuss current issues, review incident logs and filtering / change control logs.
- reports regularly to the Head teacher.

# Technical staff:

The Computing Subject Lead (Miss Allison) and MGL ICT Support Technician (L Sachor) are responsible for ensuring:

- that the school's technical infrastructure is secure and is not open to misuse or malicious attack
- that the school meets required e-safety technical requirements and any Local Authority guidance that may apply.
- that users may only access the networks and devices through a properly enforced password protection policy, in which passwords are regularly changed.
- filtering is applied and updated on a regular basis.
- that they keep up to date with e-safety technical information in order to effectively carry out their e-safety roles and to inform and update others as relevant.
- that the use of the network / internet / remote access / email is regularly monitored in order that any misuse / attempted misuse can be reported to the Head teacher for
- investigation.
- that monitoring software / systems are implemented and updated as agreed in school policies.

# Teaching and Support Staff:

Teaching and support staff are responsible for ensuring that:

- they have an up to date awareness of e-safety matters and of the current school e-safety policy and practices;
- they have read, understood and signed the Staff Acceptable Use Policy.
- they report any suspected misuse or problem to the head teacher for investigation and appropriate action.
- all digital communications with students / pupils / parents / carers should be on a professional level and only carried out using official school systems;
- e-safety issues are embedded in all aspects of the curriculum and other activities;
- the children understand and follow the e-safety and acceptable use policies;
- the children have a good understanding of research skills and uphold copyright regulations;
- they monitor the use of digital technologies, mobile devices, iPads, cameras etc. in lessons and other school activities (where allowed) and implement current policies with regard to these devices;
- in lessons where internet use is pre-planned pupils should be guided to sites checked as suitable for their use and that processes are in place for dealing with any unsuitable material that is found in internet searches.

## Safequarding Designated Leads:

Safeguarding designated leads are trained in e-safety issues and aware

- of the potential for safeguarding issues to arise from:
- sharing of personal data
- access to illegal / inappropriate materials
- inappropriate on-line contact with adults / strangers potential or actual incidents of grooming
- cyber-bullying

## Pupils:

- are responsible for using the school digital technology systems in accordance with the Pupil Acceptable Use Policy;
- have a good understanding of research skills and the need to avoid plagiarism and uphold copyright regulations;
- need to understand the importance of reporting abuse, misuse or access to inappropriate materials and know how to do so;
- they should know and understand what cyber-bullying means;
- should understand the importance of adopting good e-safety practice when using digital technologies out of school and realise that the school's E-Safety Policy covers their actions out of school, if related to their membership of the school.

#### Parents / Carers

Parents / Carers play the primary role in ensuring that their children understand the need to use the internet / mobile devices in an appropriate way. The school will take every opportunity to help parents understand these issues through parents' evenings, newsletters, letters and information about national / local e-safety campaigns / literature. Parents and carers will be encouraged to support the school in promoting good e-safety practice and to follow guidelines on the appropriate use of:

- Digital and video images taken at school events
- Access to social media, parents' sections of the website and school endorsed on-line activity that may contain recorded pupil data.

# **Policy Statements**

# Education - Pupils

Whilst regulation and technical solutions are very important, their use must be balanced by educating pupils to take a responsible approach. The education of pupils in e-safety is therefore, an essential part of the school's e-safety provision.

Children and young people need the help and support of the school to recognise and avoid e-safety risks and build their resilience. e-safety is a focus in all areas of the curriculum and staff reinforce e-safety messages across the curriculum. The e-safety curriculum is broad, relevant and provides progression, with opportunities for creative activities and is provided in the following ways:

- A planned e-safety curriculum is provided as part of Computing / PHSE / other lessons and is regularly revisited.
- Key e-safety messages are reinforced as part of a planned programme of assemblies and whole school events, such as Safer Internet Day.
- Pupils should be taught in all lessons to be critically aware of the materials / content they access on-line and be guided to validate the accuracy of information.
- Pupils should be taught to acknowledge the source of information used and to respect copyright when using material accessed on the internet.
- Pupils should be helped to understand the need for the pupil Acceptable Use Agreement and encouraged to adopt safe and responsible use both within and outside school
- Staff should act as good role models in their use of digital technologies the internet and mobile devices
- In lessons where internet use is pre-planned, it is best practice that pupils should be guided to sites checked as suitable for their use and that processes are in place for dealing with any unsuitable material that is found in internet searches.
- Where pupils are allowed to freely search the internet, staff should be vigilant in monitoring the content of the websites the young people visit. Children are also taught how to search for information that is relevant and appropriate for their age group.

## Education - Parents / carers

Parents and carers may have only a limited understanding of e-safety risks and issues, yet they play an essential role in the education of their children and in the monitoring of the children's on-line behaviours. Parents may underestimate how often children and young people come across potentially harmful and inappropriate material on the internet and may be unsure about how to respond. The school will therefore seek to provide information and awareness to parents and carers through:

- Appropriate information web sites (e.g. www.thinkyouknow.co.uk)
- Information evenings / high profile events / campaigns e.g. Safer Internet Day, NSPCC workshop

## Education - The Wider Community

The school will provide opportunities for members of the local community to gain from the school's e-safety knowledge and experience. This may be offered through the following:

- Providing family learning courses in use of new digital technologies, digital literacy and e-safety. e-safety messages targeted towards grandparents and other relatives as well as parents.
- The school website provides e-safety information for the wider community.
- Supporting community groups e.g. Early Years Settings, Childminders, youth / sports / voluntary groups to enhance their e-safety provisions.

# Education & Training - Staff / Volunteers

It is essential that all staff receive e-safety training and understand their responsibilities, as outlined in this policy. Training will be offered as follows:

- A planned programme of formal e-safety training is compulsory for all staff. This will be regularly updated and reinforced. An audit of the e-safety training needs of all staff will be carried out annually.
- All new staff will receive e-safety training as part of their induction programme, ensuring that they fully understand the school e-safety Policy and Acceptable Use Agreements.
- The e-safety Coordinator will receive regular updates through attendance at external training events and by reviewing quidance documents released by relevant organisations.
- This e-safety policy and its updates will be presented to and discussed by staff in staff meetings.
- The e-safety Coordinator will provide advice / guidance / training to individuals as required.

## Technical - infrastructure / equipment, filtering and monitoring

The school will be responsible for ensuring that the school infrastructure / network is as safe and secure as is reasonably possible and that policies and procedures approved within this policy are implemented. It will also need to ensure that the relevant people named in the above sections will be effective in carrying out their e-safety responsibilities:

- School technical systems will be managed in ways that ensure that the school meets recommended technical requirements.
- There will be regular reviews and audits of the safety and security of technical systems.
- Servers, wireless systems and cabling must be securely located and physical access restricted.
- · All users will have clearly defined access rights to school technical systems and devices.
- Software licence logs are accurate and up to date and that regular checks are made to reconcile the number of licences purchased against the number of software installations. Inadequate licencing could cause the school to breach the Copyright Act which could result in fines or unexpected licensing costs.
- Internet access is filtered for all users. Illegal content (child sexual abuse images) is filtered by the broadband or filtering provider by MGL. Content lists are regularly updated and internet use is regularly monitored. There is a clear process in place to deal with requests for filtering changes.

- The school has provided enhanced user-level filtering.
- School technical staff regularly monitor and record the activity of users on the school technical systems and users are made aware of this in the Acceptable Use Agreement.
- An appropriate system is in place for users to report any actual / potential technical incident / security breach to the relevant person (Mrs Crew, Miss Allison, Mr Sachor), as agreed.
- \*Appropriate security measures are in place to protect the servers, firewalls, routers, wireless systems, work stations, mobile devices etc. from accidental or malicious attempts which might threaten the security of the school systems and data. These are tested regularly. The school infrastructure and individual workstations are protected by up to date virus software.
- Procedures are in place for the provision of temporary access of "guests" (e.g. trainee teachers, supply teachers, visitors) onto the school systems.
- An agreed policy is in place regarding the extent of personal use that users (staff / pupils / community users) and their family members are allowed on school devices that may be used out of school.
- An agreed policy is in place that allows staff to download executable files and install programmes on school devices.
- \*An agreed policy is in place regarding the use of removable media (e.g. memory sticks / CDs / DVDs) by users on school devices. Personal data cannot be sent over the internet or taken off the school site unless safely encrypted or otherwise secured.

# Use of digital and video images

The development of digital imaging technologies has created significant benefits to learning, allowing staff and pupils instant use of images that they have recorded themselves or downloaded from the internet. However, staff, parents / carers and pupils need to be aware of the risks associated with publishing digital images on the internet.

Such images may provide avenues for cyberbullying to take place. Digital images may remain available on the internet forever and may cause harm or embarrassment to individuals in the short or longer term. It is common for employers to carry out internet searches for information about potential and existing employees. The school will inform and educate users about these risks and will implement policies to reduce the likelihood of the potential for harm:

- When using digital images, staff should inform and educate pupils about the risks associated with the taking, use, sharing, publication and distribution of images. In particular, they should recognise the risks attached to publishing their own images on the internet (e.g. on social networking sites).
- In accordance with guidance from the Information Commissioner's Office, parents / carers are welcome to take videos and digital images of their children at school events for their own personal use (as such use in not covered by the Data Protection Act). To respect everyone's privacy and in some cases protection, these images should not be published / made publicly available on social networking sites, nor should parents / carers comment on any activities involving other pupils in the digital / video images.
- Staff and volunteers are allowed to take digital / video images to support educational aims, but must follow school policies concerning the sharing, distribution and publication

of those images. Those images should only be taken on school equipment; the personal equipment of staff should not be used for such purposes.

- Care should be taken when taking digital / video images that pupils are appropriately dressed and are not participating in activities that might bring the individuals or the school into disrepute.
- Pupils must not take, use, share, publish or distribute images of others without their permission.
- Photographs published on the website, or elsewhere that include pupils will be selected carefully and will comply with good practice guidance on the use of such images.
- Pupils' full names will not be used anywhere on a website or blog, particularly in association with photographs, unless express parental permission has been sought beforehand.
- Written permission from parents or carers will be obtained before photographs of pupils are published on the school website (covered as part of the data protection privacy notice signed by

parents or carers at the start of the year).

## **Data Protection**

In accordance with the requirements outlined in the GDPR, personal data will be:

- Processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner in relation to individuals.
- Collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible with those purposes; further processing for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes shall not be considered to be incompatible with the initial purposes.
- Adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are processed.
- Accurate and, where necessary, kept up-to-date; every reasonable step must be taken to ensure that personal data that are inaccurate, having regard to the purposes for which they are processed, are erased or rectified without delay.
- Kept in a form which permits identification of data subjects for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which the personal data are processed; personal data may be stored for longer periods, insofar as the personal data will be processed solely for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes, subject to implementation of the appropriate technical and organisational measures required by the Data Protection Act 2018 in order to safeguard the rights and freedoms of individuals.
- Processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the personal data, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage, using appropriate technical or organisational measures.

#### Communications

A wide range of rapidly developing communications technologies has the potential to enhance learning. When using communication technologies, the school considers the following as good practice:

• The official school email service may be regarded as safe and secure and is monitored.

Users should be aware that email communications are monitored. An encrypted email service for the sharing of personal information outside of the school system is available to staff.

- Users must immediately report, to the nominated person in accordance with the school policy, the receipt of any communication that makes them feel uncomfortable, is offensive, discriminatory, threatening or bullying in nature and must not respond to any such communication.
- Any digital communication between staff and pupils or parents / carers (email, chat, etc.) must be professional in tone and content. These communications may only take place on official (monitored) school systems. Personal email addresses, text messaging or social media must not be used for these communications.
- Pupils should be taught about e-safety issues, such as the risks attached to the sharing of personal details. They should also be taught strategies to deal with inappropriate communications and be reminded of the need to communicate appropriately when using digital technologies.
- Personal information should not be posted on the school website and only official email addresses should be used to identify members of staff

#### **School Actions & Sanctions**

It is more likely that the school will need to deal with incidents that involve inappropriate rather than illegal misuse. It is important that any incidents are dealt with as soon as possible in a proportionate manner, and that members of the school community are aware that incidents have been dealt with. It is intended that incidents of misuse will be dealt with through normal behaviour / disciplinary procedures.